

THE NEW NUTRIENT

SILICON FERTILIZER

4 Range of Silic **4** Products



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THE NEW NUTRIENT

SILICON FERTILIZER

6 Growth and Yield SILIC^{on} INCREASES

Resistance to Disease and Pest

Si deposition in the epidermis tissues provides a physical barrier to pathogens and insects, allowing for a reduction in the frequency of chemical applications.

Cell Structure

Si accumulated un the epidermal tissues increases the mechanical estability of the plant. Reduces the incident of lodging.

Photosynthetic Activity

The improved structure produces stronger stems with more erect leaves, increasing its ability to capture light.

Uptake of Nutrients

Particularly Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Potassium and Micronutrients.

Resistance to Environmental Stresses

- \cdot Reduced drought and heat stress. The deposition of Si in the plant tissues reduces transpiration rates.
- Reduce salt stress by inhibiting Sodium uptake.
- Alleviate toxicity of heavy metals: Iron, Manganese, Cadmiun, Aluminium, and Zinc by regulating plant uptake

Post Harvest Life

Si can associate with cell wall proteins where it might exert an active production of defence compounds.

NON TOXIC